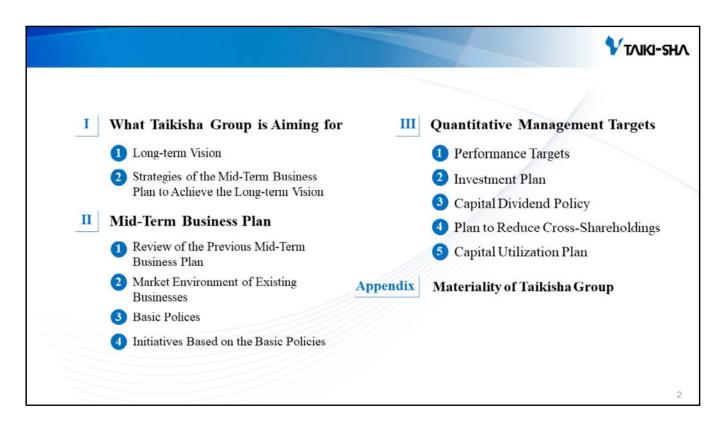


I am Koji Kato, President of Taikisha, Ltd.

Thank you very much for attending Taikisha's earnings briefing today.

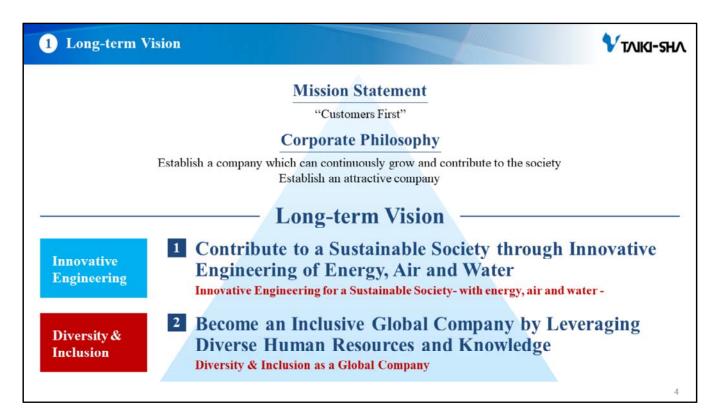
I will explain the outline of the new Mid-Term Business Plan we launched in April this year.



This presentation starts with what Taikisha Group is aiming for, gives an overview of the new Mid-Term Business Plan, and then shows quantitative management targets in the Plan.



I will start by explaining the Taikisha Group's long-term vision and strategies of the Mid-Term Business Plan to achieve the long-term vision.

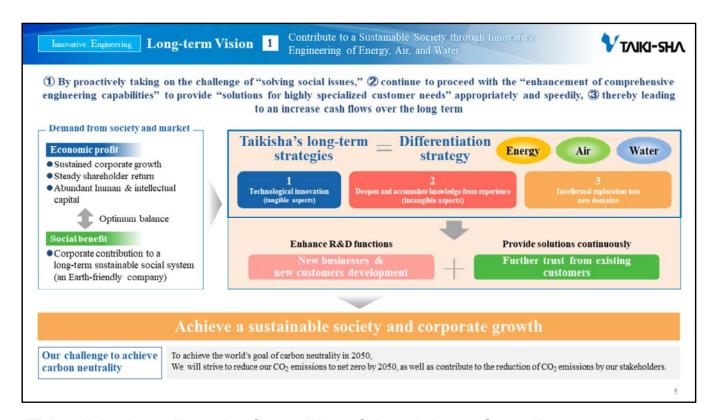


First, please see page 4 of the presentation.

In formulating the new Mid-Term Business Plan, we reviewed our long-term vision. Our corporate philosophy is to establish a company which can continuously grow and contribute to the society and to establish an attractive company.

To achieve this, we have set a long-term vision with two pillars: "Contribute to a Sustainable Society through Innovative Engineering of Energy, Air, and Water" and "Become an Inclusive Global Company by Leveraging Diverse Human Resources and Knowledge."

From the next page, I will go through each of them.

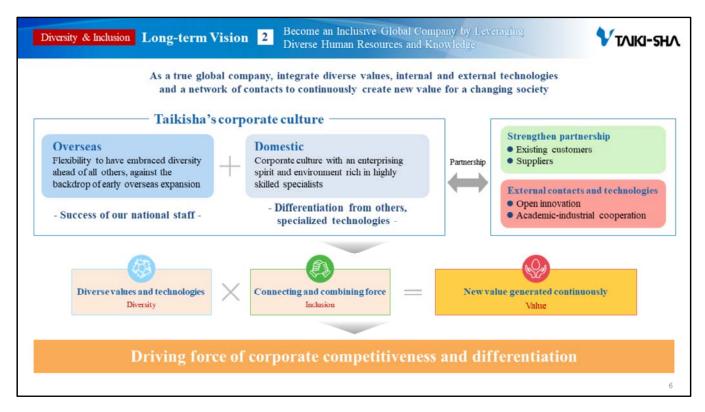


This slide describes the first pillar of the vision, "Contribute to a Sustainable Society through Innovative Engineering of Energy, Air, and Water."

By taking on the challenge of solving social issues, we will pursue innovation of tangible technologies, accumulation of intangible knowledge from experience, and intellectual exploration into new domains, all in relation to energy, air, and water. We will thereby work to strengthen our comprehensive engineering capabilities. We believe that this leads to developing new businesses and finding new customers, as well as to offering solutions to highly specialized customer needs for existing customers. It is our strategy for differentiation.

Through differentiation, we will not only achieve corporate growth but aim to solve social issues. In other words, we will contribute to the achievement of a sustainable society and, as a specific initiative, work

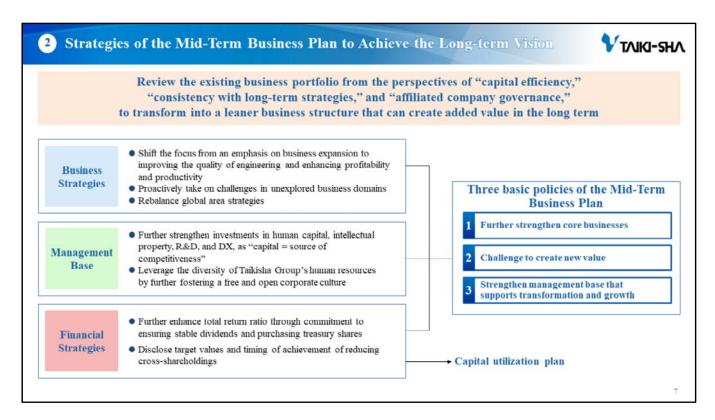
toward becoming carbon neutrality by 2050.



The next slide describes the second pillar of the vision, "Become an Inclusive Global Company by Leveraging Diverse Human Resources and Knowledge."

Based on an existing corporate culture, where diversity is embraced, we will create a system that allows each employee to demonstrate their abilities and generate synergy. We thereby aim to be a true global company that can flourish in any country.

In addition, inclusion in Taikisha also means creating new value by integrating diverse internal and external human resources and technologies in business and technology development. We thus aim to be an inclusive company in two senses.



To achieve the long-term vision I have just explained, we will review the existing business portfolio in light of capital efficiency, consistency with long-term strategies, and affiliated company governance. We will transform ourselves into a leaner business structure that can create added value in the long term.

To this end, changes are needed in business strategies, management base, and financial strategies. The basic policies of the new Mid-Term Business Plan are: 1. Further strengthen core businesses, 2. Challenge to create new value, and 3. Strengthen management base that supports transformation and growth. I will explain the details of the basic policies later.



Before going into the new Mid-Term Business Plan, I would like to look back on the previous Mid-Term Business Plan. I will then move on to the market environment for our existing businesses and future initiatives based on the basic policies.



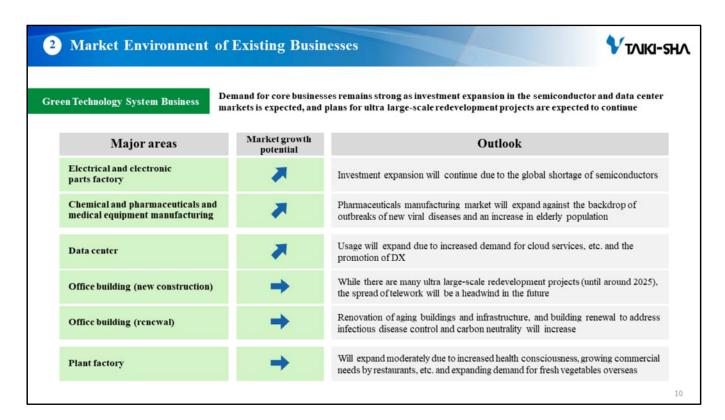
This slide shows the three basic policies of the previous Mid-Term Business Plan and specific initiatives under each policy.

First, to solidify the Company's position in the global market, we started to conduct demonstrations at the Research and Development Center and expanded business in Southeast Asia by establishing Taikisha Lao Co., Ltd.

Second, to strengthen initiatives for the future, we made a foray into the Indian market by investing in Nicomac Clean Rooms Far East LLP in India and expanded the automation business by making an additional investment in Encore Automation LLC in the United States. We also took measures to enhance competitiveness and expand business domains, such as expanding the plant factory business and establishing our own mass production factory.

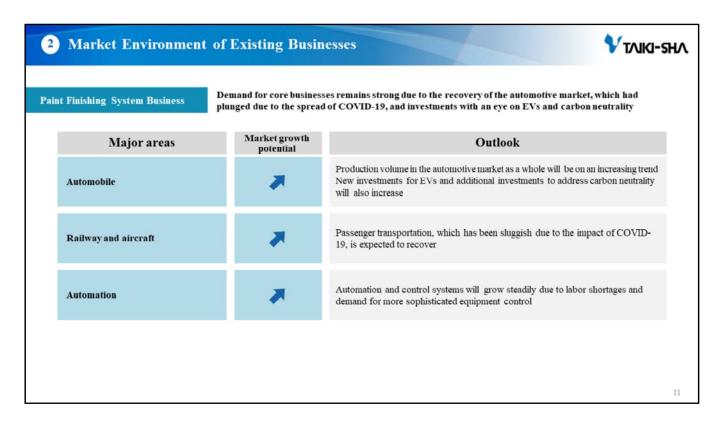
Finally, to build an attractive company and establish a solid management base, we endeavored to embrace diverse workstyles such as by shifting to electronic expense reimbursement and formulating and introducing a telework system. As a result, we have been recognized as a Certified Health & Productivity Management Outstanding Organization for two consecutive years as an organization that strategically works on employees' health management from a business management perspective.

The amount of investment totaled 13.7 billion yen over the three years.



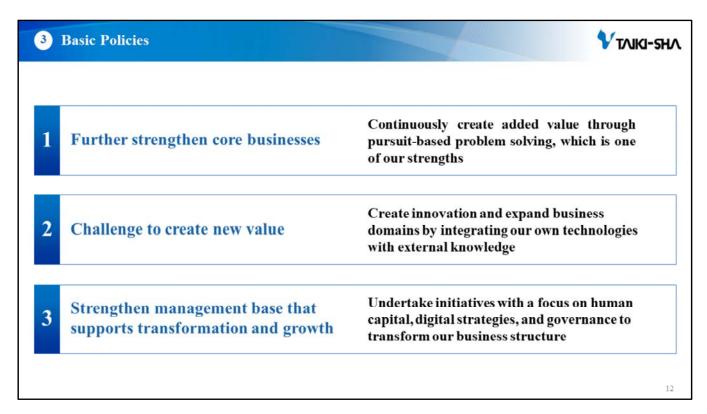
Pages 10 and 11 outlines the market environment for our existing businesses that should be taken into account in working on the Mid-Term Business Plan.

The market environment for green technology system business is expected to see robust demand for our core businesses, due to increased investments in the semiconductor and data center markets and ongoing ultra large-scale redevelopment projects.



The market environment for paint finishing system business is also expected to see robust demand for the core businesses. This is because of the recovering automotive, railway, and aircraft markets, which had plunged due to the spread of COVID-19, as well as investments with an eye on EVs and carbon neutrality.

For the outlook for other fields, please see the respective tables for the green technology system business and the paint finishing system business.



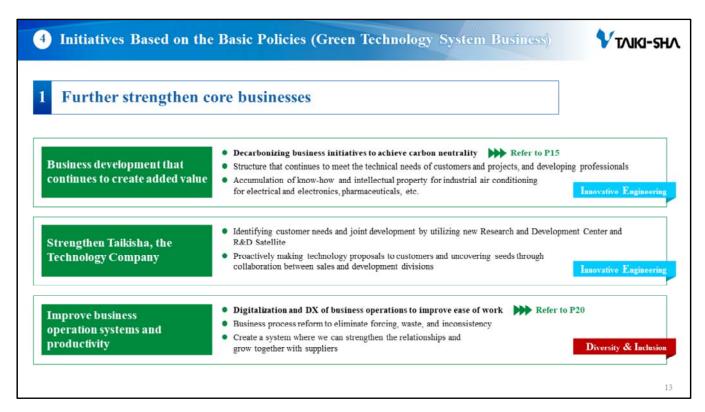
Next, I will go through the basic policies of the Mid-Term Business Plan.

We have been working on initiatives for the future since the period covered by the previous Mid-Term Business Plan, and the market environment suggests buoyant demand for our core businesses. Nevertheless, we believe that further change and growth is necessary to achieve the long-term vision.

We have therefore set out three basic policies of the New Mid-Term Business Plan: 1. Further strengthen core businesses, 2. Challenge to create new value, and 3. Strengthen management base that supports transformation and growth.

Specific initiatives under each policy are described on pages 13

to 20.

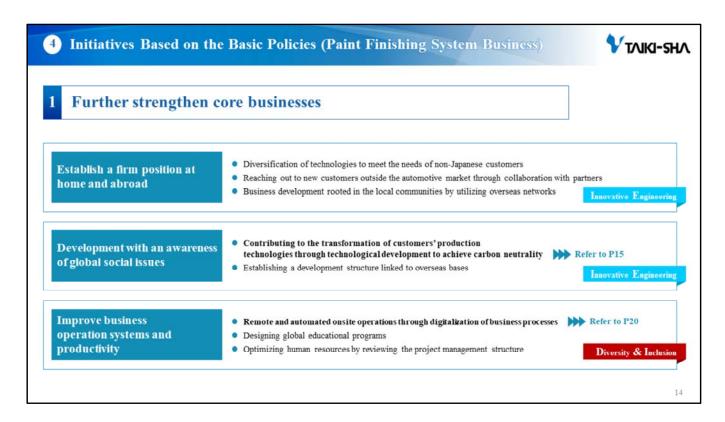


The first basic policy of the Mid-Term Business Plan is to further strengthen core businesses.

The green technology system business aims business development that continues to create added value and promotes business initiatives to decarbonize and achieve carbon neutrality. In addition, we will develop an organizational structure and professionals that continues to meet technological needs, as well as accumulate know-how and intellectual property in the industrial HVAC field.

To strengthen Taikisha, the Technology Company, the new Research and Development Center and R&D Satellite will identify client needs and work on joint development. At the same time, the sales and development divisions will work together to proactively make technology proposals to customers and uncover seeds.

To improve business operation systems and productivity, we will promote digitalization and DX of business operations to improve ease of work; reform of business processes to eliminate forcing, waste, and inconsistency; and creation of a system where we can strengthen the relationships and grow together with our suppliers.

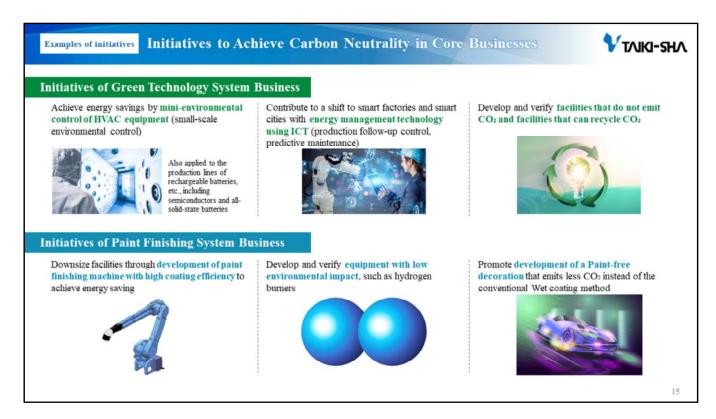


The paint finishing system business aims to establish a firm position at home and abroad. We will diversify our technologies to meet the needs of non-Japanese customers, reach out to new customers outside the automotive market through collaboration with partners, and develop businesses rooted in local communities by utilizing our overseas network.

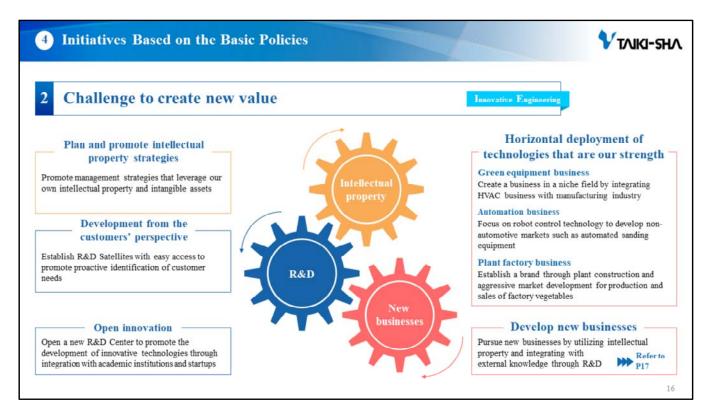
To develop with an awareness of global social issues, we will help our clients transform their production technologies through technological development. This can contribute to the achievement of carbon neutrality. In addition, we will build a stronger development structure linked to overseas bases.

Finally, to improve business operation systems and productivity, we will digitalize business processes to enable remote and automated onsite operations, design global educational programs, and optimize

human resources by reviewing the project management structure.



Please see page 15 for examples of initiatives for the achievement of carbon neutrality in core businesses, implemented in the green technology system and paint finishing system businesses respectively.



The second basic policy is to take on the challenge to create new value.

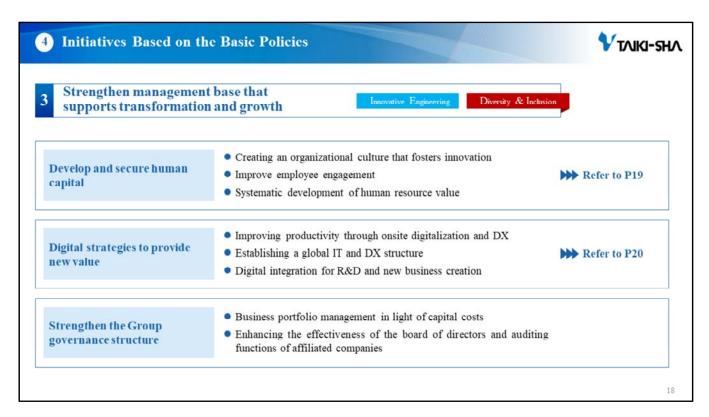
We will formulate and promote management strategies that leverage our own intellectual property and intangible assets. In addition, we will set up R&D Satellites in the Head Office and Branch Offices and identify customer needs, thereby developing from the customers' perspective. Open innovation by sharing knowledge with academic institutions, startups, and other external organizations will facilitate the development of new businesses.

We will create new value by combining and mutually enhancing these elements.



Page 17 illustrates directions of future initiatives in the form of examples of the development of new businesses. We will pursue the potential of establishing businesses in new domains such as CO₂ recovery and utilization, areas related to food, maintenance and effective use of water resources, and solutions of labor shortages.

We are considering and pursuing a variety of other initiatives as well.



The third basic policy is to strengthen management base that supports transformation and growth. To transform the business structure, we will focus on human capital, digital strategies, and strengthening of the governance structure.

Firstly, to develop and secure human capital, we will create an organizational culture that fosters innovation, improve employee engagement, and systematically develop human resources value.

Secondly, to implement digital strategies to provide new value, we will improve productivity through onsite digitalization and DX and establish a global IT and DX structure. In addition, digital technologies will be further integrated into our business to advance R&D and create new businesses.

Lastly, to strengthen the Group governance structure, we will manage business portfolio in light of capital costs and enhance the effectiveness of the board of directors and the auditing functions of our affiliated

companies.



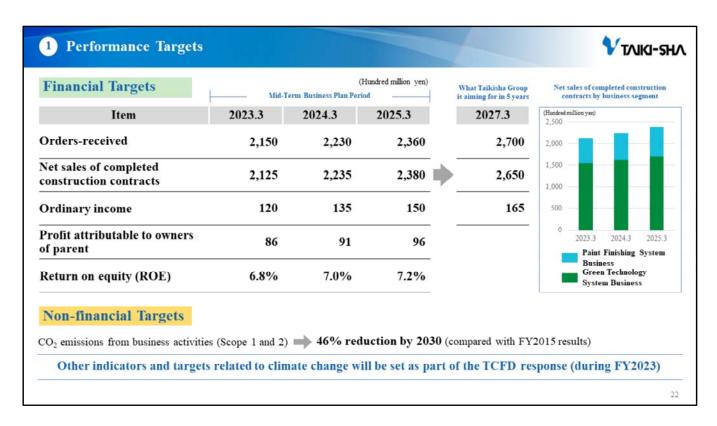
Page 19 illustrates examples of initiatives to develop and secure human capital as mentioned on the previous page. Specifically, we are working to promote diversity and inclusion, bring out the potential of our "people," the greatest assets of the Company, and facilitate their growth.



Please see page 20 for examples of initiatives related to digital strategies to provide new value.



From page 21 onward, I will focus on quantitative management targets.



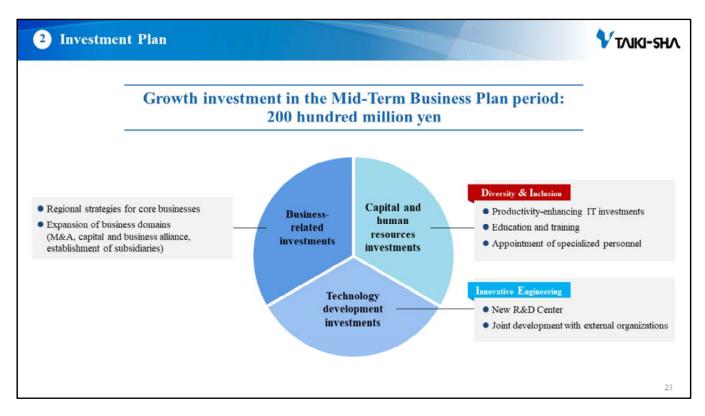
Business performance targets in the new Mid-Term Business Plan are shown on page 22.

For the fiscal year ending March 31, 2025, the final year of the Plan, we aim to achieve orders-received of 236 billion yen, net sales of completed construction contracts of 238 billion yen, ordinary income of 15 billion yen, and profit attributable to owners of parent of 9.6 billion yen. As for ROE, we aim for 7.2% or higher through capital cost-conscious management.

Please see the bar graphs for net sales of completed construction contracts by business segment for the period covered by the new Mid-Term Business Plan.

For the fiscal year ending March 31, 2027, five years from now, we aim to achieve record high figures for all items. Specific targets are orders-received of 270 billion yen, net sales of completed construction contracts of 265 billion yen, and ordinary income of 16.5 billion yen.

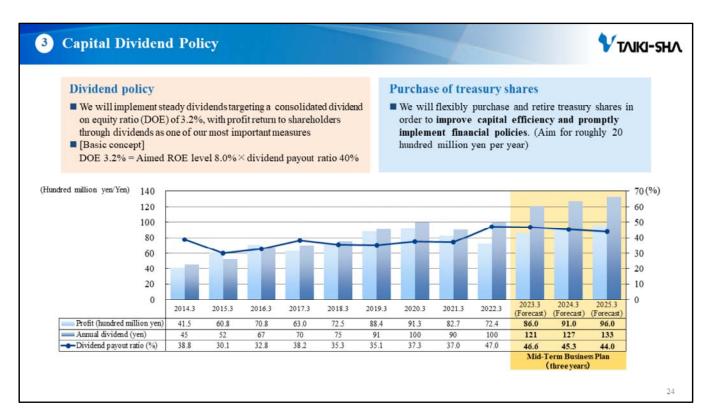
We have also set CO₂ emission reduction targets as non-financial targets. While the targets are only set for Scope 1 and 2 at the moment, we plan to set other indicators and targets as part of the TCFD response during fiscal year 2023.



Page 23 outlines our investment plan.

The new Mid-Term Business Plan includes investment in the themes shown in this slide. The amount of investment for growth is expected to be 20 billion yen over the three years.

The three main themes of investment will be businessrelated, capital and human resources, and technology development.



Page 24 outlines our capital dividend policy.

Our basic dividend policy is to aim for a consolidated dividend on equity ratio (DOE) of 3.2% and pay out steady dividends. While we have not changed the policy of paying out steady dividends, we have introduced the DOE target for steadier dividend payouts.

Equity increases as profit targets for each fiscal year are achieved. The introduction of DOE target is therefore expected to increase the annual dividend per share to 121 yen for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023, 127 yen for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024 and 133 yen for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2025.

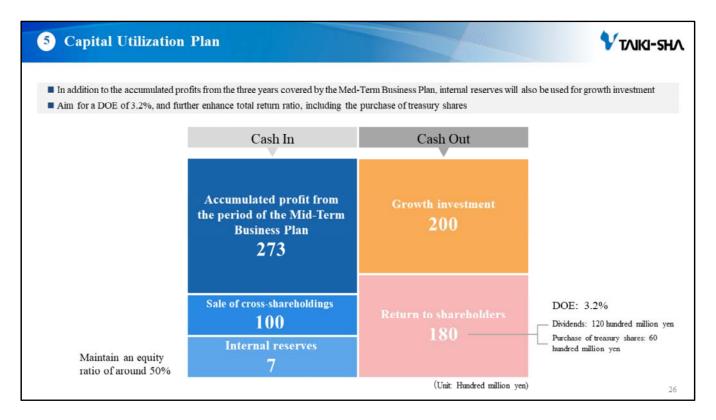
In addition, we will flexibly purchase and retire treasury shares in order to improve capital efficiency and promptly implement financial policies. The new Mid-Term Business Plan includes purchase of treasury shares of roughly 2 billion yen per year.



Page 25 shows our plan to reduce cross-shareholdings.

By the end of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024, we plan to reduce cross-shareholdings to less than 20% of net assets.

Selling cross-shareholdings is expected to reduce the ratio to 17.7% of net assets at the end of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024.

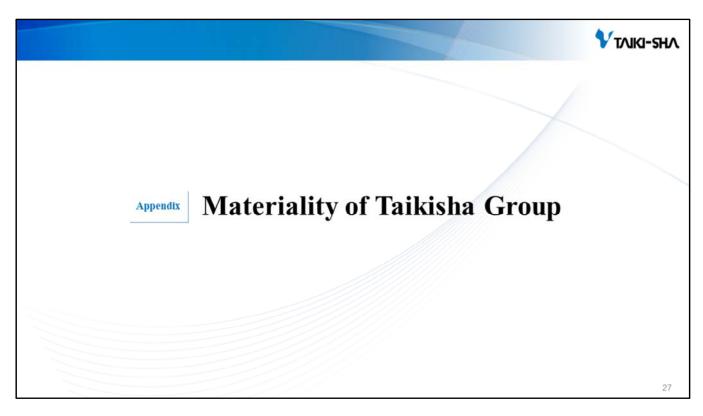


On page 26 is our capital utilization plan.

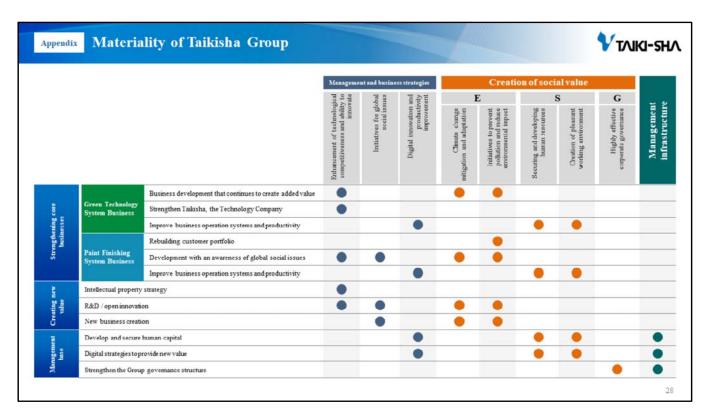
We plan to spend the gain from selling crossshareholdings and internal reserves, in addition to accumulated profits for the three years covered by the new Mid-Term Business Plan, on investment for growth and shareholder returns.

We will aim for a DOE of 3.2% and further increase the total return ratio by purchasing treasury shares and taking

other measures.



Finally, please take a look at page 28. There is a table showing the relevance between our materiality and strategies in the Mid-Term Business Plan.



This concludes my briefing on the Mid-Term Business Plan.